

APA

Citing Sources in Your Text

1. If you quote directly and include the author's name in your sentence:

Hart (1996) wrote that some primatologists "wondered if apes had learned Language, with a capital L" (p. 109).

When the author's name is included in a signal phrase, cite the year of publication parenthetically after the name, with the page number cited after the end of the quotation.

2. If you quote directly without the author's name in your sentence:

Some primatologists "wondered if apes had learned Language, with a capital L" (Hart, 1996, p.109).

When the author's name is not included in your sentence, put name, date, and page number in a single parenthetical citation following the quotation.

3. If you summarize or paraphrase and use the author's name:

According to Hart (1996), researchers took Terrace's conclusions seriously, and funding for language experiments soon declined.

4. If you summarize or paraphrase without the author's name:

Researchers took Terrace's conclusions seriously, and funding for language experiments soon declined (Hart, 1996).

A page number is not required for a summary or a paraphrase, but include one if it would help readers find the passage in a long work.

5. If you cite a work with two authors:

Greenfield and Savage-Rumbaugh (1990) have acknowledged that Kanzi's linguistic development was slower than that of a human child (p. 567).

Kanzi's linguistic development was slower than that of a human child (Greenfield & Savage-Rumbaugh, 1990, p. 567).

Name both authors in the signal phrase or parentheses each time you cite the work. In the parentheses, use "&" between the authors' names; in the signal phrase, use "and."

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5. If you cite a work with three or more authors:

The chimpanzee Nim was raised by researchers who trained him in American Sign Language by molding and guiding his hands (Terrace, Petitto, Sanders, & Bever, 1979).

In subsequent citations, use the first author's name followed by "et al." in either the signal phrase or the parentheses:

Nim was able to string together as many as 16 signs, but their order appeared quite random (Terrace et al., 1979).

6. If you cite two or more works in the same parentheses:

Researchers argued that the apes in the early language experiments were merely responding to cues (Sebeok & Umiker, 1979; Terrace, 1979).

Making a References Page

BOOK

Last name, First initial. (Year). *Title*. Place of Publication: Publishing Company

Example:

Martin, P. (2000) *The politics of the Vatican*. New York: St. Martin's Press.

JOURNAL ARTICLE

Last name, First initial. (Year). Article title. *Journal Title*, *Volume Number*, pages.

Example:

Smith, P. (2002) The tyranny of the wireless industry. *Wireless News*, 12, 5-8.

Notice that only the first word of the article title is capitalized; the journal name and volume number are both italicized.

WEBSITE

Last name, First initial. (Date posted). *Title of document*. Date Retrieved from URL.

Example:

Houlihan, L. (2004, January). *Contemporary children's literature links*. Retrieved 15 January 2004 from www.childlit.org

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